



DIVERSITY, EQUITY, AND INCLUSION SURVEY

Prepared for Fort Hays State University June 2021

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INTRODUCTION

OVERVIEW

KEY OBJECTIVES

- Understand student, faculty, and staff perceptions of FHSU effort to foster diversity, equity, and inclusion
- Assess perceptions of climate and experiences related to faculty and staff diversity, respect for varied identities, backgrounds, and experiences, sense of belongingness, equitable opportunities, and handling of harassment and discrimination
- Identify DEI-related strengths and areas for improvement

SURVEY ADMINISTRATION & SURVEY SAMPLE

- The survey was administered online in April through June of 2021 using the Qualtrics platform
- The analysis includes a total of 823 respondents following data cleaning
- Respondents were recruited through a contact list

RESPONDENT QUALIFICATIONS

 Must be a current undergraduate/graduate student, faculty, staff member, or administrator at FHSU



INTRODUCTION

METHODOLOGY

- The results presented in this report include aggregate results as well as results segmented by stakeholder group, gender identity, and race/ethnicity.
- Some segment categories (e.g. race/ethnicity) are collapsed in this report due solely to small sample size to protect respondents' privacy.
- Sample sizes vary across questions as some questions only pertain to a subset of respondents.
- Conclusions drawn from a small sample size (n<20) should be interpreted with caution.
- For full aggregate and segmented results, please consult the accompanying data supplement.
- Statistically significant difference (95% confidence level) between groups are noted with an asterisk (*).
- After data collection, Hanover identified and removed low-quality respondents.
- "Don't Know or Not Applicable" responses, and equivalent, are often excluded from the figures and analysis in order to focus on respondents who did express an opinion.



RECOMMENDATIONS & KEY FINDINGS

RECOMMENDATION

- Continue efforts to increase recruitment of students, faculty, and staff from diverse backgrounds and identities. Generally, respondents do not think the student body or pool of faculty and staff at FHSU is ethnically or racially diverse. FHSU should evaluate and improve existing marketing and recruitment strategies with DEI objectives in mind to attract students from diverse backgrounds and identities. Regarding faculty and staff hiring, Diverse Hiring in Higher Education may provide initial ideas to begin work in this area.
- Provide students, faculty, and staff with additional resources and training to mitigate implicit bias related to gender, race, and marginalization of other groups. Many faculty respondents do not feel FHSU works to eliminate implicit bias and systemic discrimination. Providing resources that help all community members appreciate their differences will demonstrate FHSU's commitment to the issue as well as help make sure these topics are appropriately addressed.
- Empower non-academic/financial/career student support services to promote student awareness and usage. Student respondents are generally aware of enrollment, financial aid, and career support services. However, they are less aware of other support resources and if those resources are applicable to their needs. Therefore, increased promotional efforts may help address this area.



KEY FINDINGS: INSTITUTIONAL SUPPORT FOR DEL

Most respondents believe FHSU leaders consider diversity, equity, and inclusion to be very or extremely important (67%) and are supportive to foster DEI culture (66%). However, faculty respondents (44-49%) are statistically less likely to agree to both points compare to students (70-71%) and staff/administrators (61-66%).

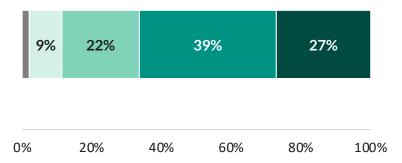
How important do leaders within FHSU consider diversity, equity, and inclusion? (n=636)

- Slightly important ■ Not important at all
- Moderately important Very important
- Extremely important

How supportive is FHSU of fostering a culture of diversity, equity, and inclusion at the school? (n=672)

- Not supportive at all Slightly supportive
- Moderately supportive Very supportive
- Completely supportive





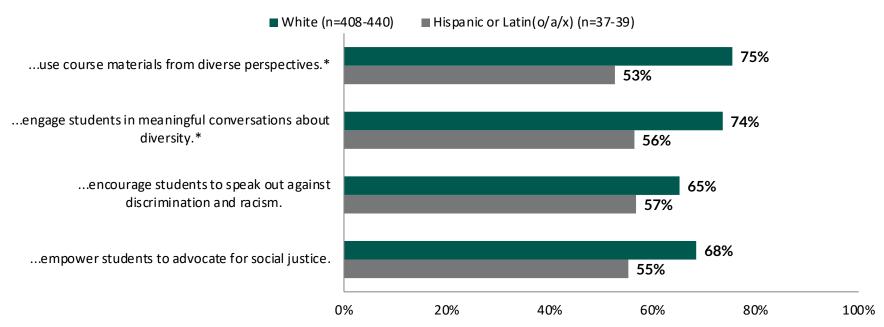


KEY FINDINGS: DIVERSITY IN COURSES

Majority of respondents report that FHSU instructors/faculty involve DEI topics into their classroom. However, Hispanic/Latino respondents are less likely than White respondents to agree that the instructors use course materials from diverse perspectives (53% vs. 75%) or that they engage students in meaningful conversations about diversity (56% vs. 74%).

Please indicate the extent to which you disagree or agree with each of the following statements.

[My instructors/FHSU faculty]... - By Race

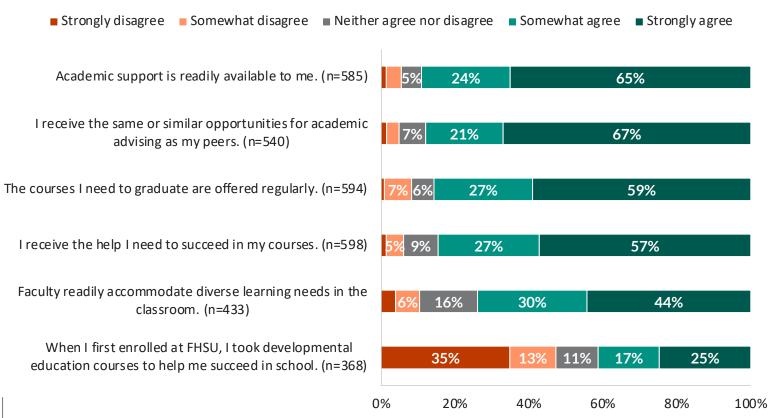




KEY FINDINGS: ACADEMIC SUPPORT

Generally, respondents agree that FHSU readily provides various types of academic support. That said, 48% do not believe that developmental education courses help them succeed in school. Additionally, only 56% of Hispanic/Latino respondents agree that faculty readily accommodate diverse learning needs in the classroom.

Please indicate the extent to which you disagree or agree with the following statements about academic support.

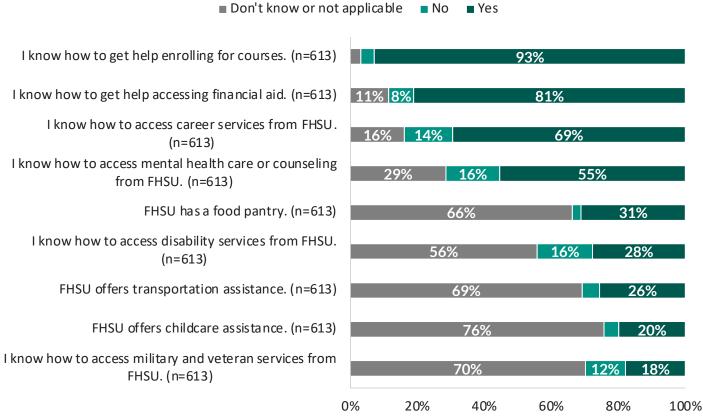




KEY FINDINGS: STUDENT SUPPORT

Student respondents generally do not know about the surveyed non-academic/career student support services or think they are not applicable. Student respondents are generally aware of support in course enrollment (93%), financial aid (81%), and career services (69%). This result is common across gender and race segmentations.

Please indicate whether or not the following statements about student support apply to you.





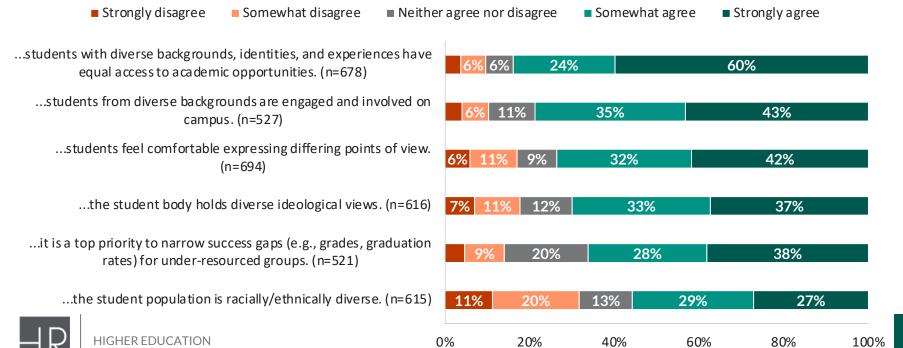
HIGHER EDUCATION

KEY FINDINGS: DIVERSITY OF STUDENT BODY

More than 80% of respondents agree that students with diverse backgrounds have equal access to academic opportunities, are engaged and involved on campus, and feel comfortable expressing differing points of view. Relatively fewer respondents express that the student population is racially/ethnically diverse (56%). Interestingly, only 49% of faculty respondents agree that the student body holds diverse ideological views and that only 45% agree students feel comfortable expressing differing points of view, which may corroborate with the lack of student body diversity.

Please indicate the extent to which you disagree or agree with the following statements. If you lack experience with one, select "Don't know or not applicable."

At FHSU...

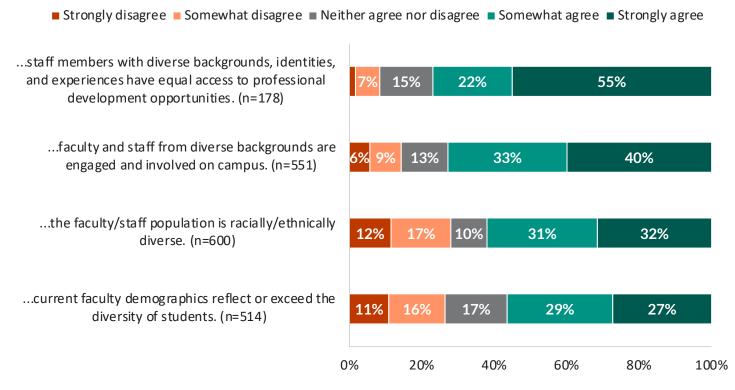


KEY FINDINGS: DIVERSITY OF FACULTY & STAFF

Respondents generally do not perceive that faculty/staff demographics reflect/exceed student diversity (56%) or as racially or ethnically diverse (63%), similar to the student body.

Please indicate the extent to which you disagree or agree with the following statements. If you lack experience with one, select "Don't know or not applicable."

At FHSU...



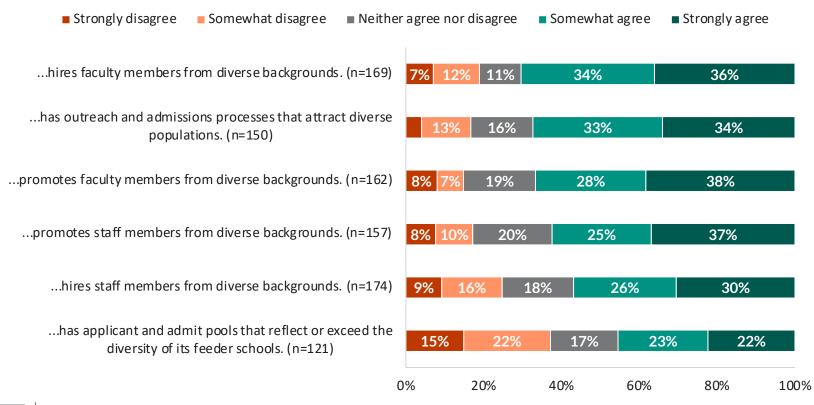


KEY FINDINGS: DIVERSITY OF HIRING/PROMOTION

Less than half of the faculty and staff/administrator respondents believe FHSU does not have applicant/admit pools that reflect or exceed the diversity of feeder schools (45%).

Please indicate the extent to which you disagree or agree with the following statements about faculty and staff diversity.

FHSU...

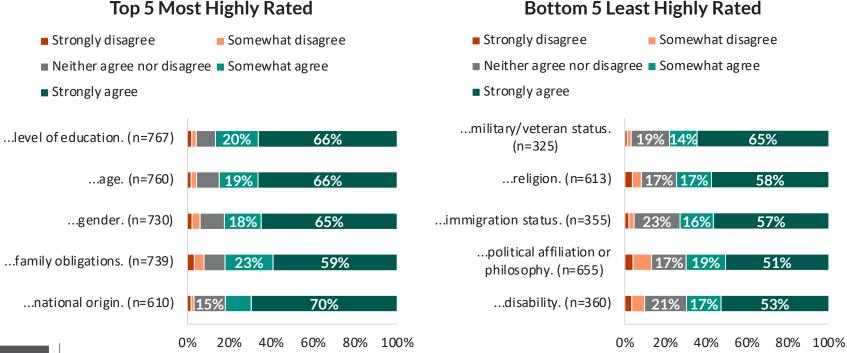




KEY FINDINGS: RESPECT FOR IDENTITY

Generally, respondents affirm that FHSU respects the surveyed aspects of identities or backgrounds (70-87%). Relatively fewer respondents agree that FHSU respects their disability (70%), political affiliation/philosophy (70%), and immigration status (73%). Only 77% of Hispanic/Latino respondents agree that FHSU respects their level of education while 90% of White respondents agree. Additionally, 67% of Hispanic/Latino respondents agree that FHSU respects their physical appearance while 83% of White respondents agree.

Please indicate the extent to which you disagree or agree with the following statements. FHSU respects my...





KEY FINDINGS: REPORTING DISCRIMINATION

Only 62% of faculty and staff/administrator respondents feel confident that reporting harassment/discrimination would not negatively affect them professionally. Relatedly, 74% of respondents did not felt singled out in a negative context at FHSU on the basis of their identity in any of the surveyed situations.

Please indicate the extent to which you disagree or agree with the following statements

■ Strongly disagree ■ Somewhat disagree ■ Neither agree nor disagree ■ Somewhat agree ■ Strongly agree

I would feel comfortable reporting an incident of harassment or discrimination at FHSU. (n=743)

I know how to report incidents of harassment or discrimination at FHSU. (n=711)

FHSU responds appropriately to reports of harassment or discrimination. (n=421)

I feel confident that reporting harassment or discrimination at FHSU would not negatively affect me professionally. (n=182)

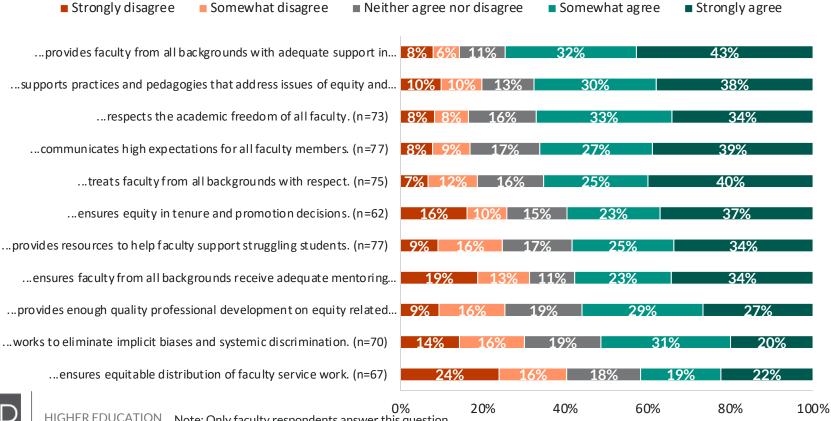




KEY FINDINGS: FACULTY PERCEPTION OF DEL

Most faculty respondents do not believe that FHSU ensures equitable distribution of faculty services work (42%). Further, only 51% of faculty respondents believe FHSU works to eliminate implicit biases and systemic discrimination.

> Please indicate the extent to which you disagree or agree with the following statements. FHSU...

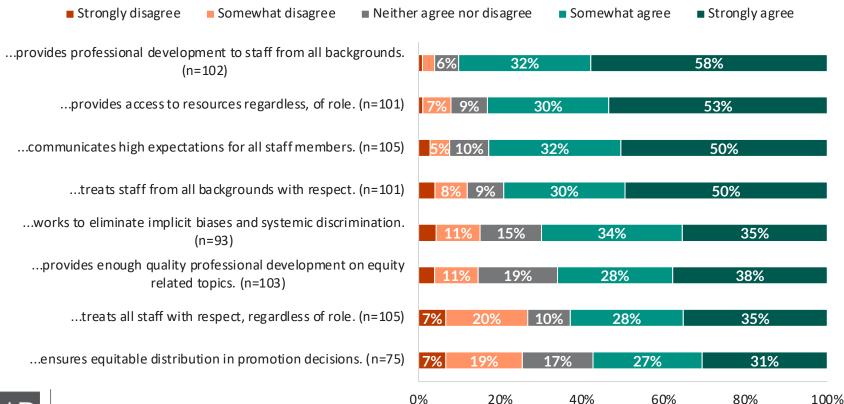


KEY FINDINGS: STAFF PERCEPTION OF DEI

Only 57% of staff/administrator respondents agree that FHSU ensures equitable distribution in promotion decisions.

Please indicate the extent to which you disagree or agree with the following statements.

FHSU...

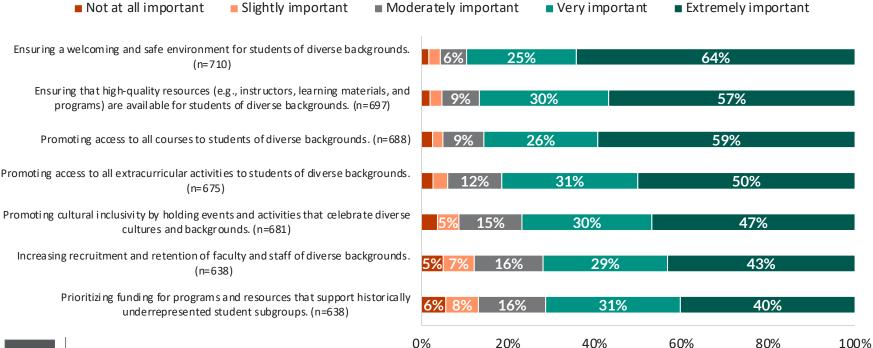




KEY FINDINGS: IMPORTANCE OF DEI EFFORTS

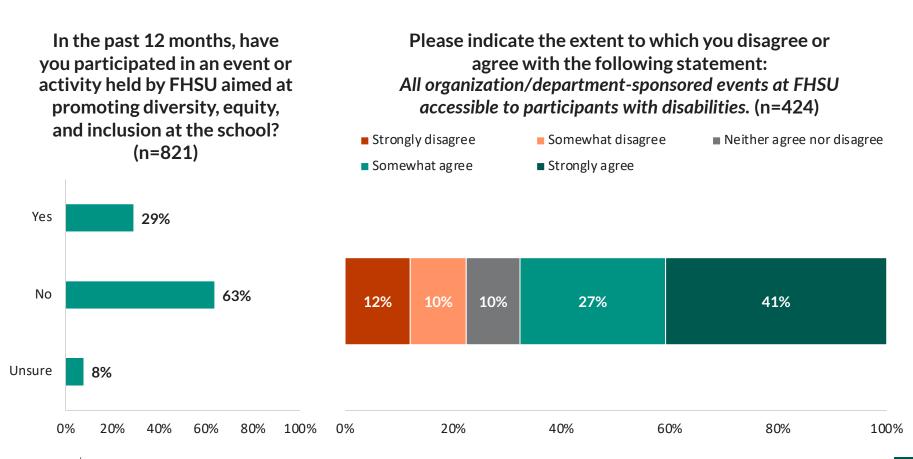
Respondents generally agree that FHSU should prioritize ensuring a welcoming and safe environment (90%) and high-quality resources are available to students of diverse backgrounds (87%). Respondents express less desire to prioritize funding for programs (71%) or increase recruitment and retention of faculty and staff of diverse backgrounds (72%). Interesting, female respondents (75%) and Hispanic/Latino respondents (85%) report higher importance to recruitment and retention than male respondents (69%) and White respondents (73%).

How important is it for FHSU to prioritize efforts to improve each of the following to support diversity and equity in education for students of diverse backgrounds?



KEY FINDINGS: EVENT PARTICIPATION ACCESS

Most respondents have not participated in FHSU events/activities related to DEI (63%). Respondents generally consider all organization/department-sponsored events are accessible to participants with disabilities (68%).





Age (n=823)

Under 18	1%
18 to 24	30%
25 to 34	18%
35 to 44	24%
45 to 54	15%
55 to 64	9%
65 to 74	2%
75+	1<1



Staff Role (n=107)

Administration and other offices (e.g.,	47%
admissions, business office)	
Student and campus services (e.g.,	33%
residential life, student health, IT)	33/6
Facilities support and security (e.g.,	-0.
maintenance, university police)	7%
Dean	3%
President	0%
Provost	0%
Chancellor	0%
Other	11%



Stakeholder Group (n=823)

Student	77%
Faculty	10%
Staff/Administrator	13%



Years Employed (n=193)

Less than 1 year	8%
1 to 3 years	25%
4 to 6 years	21%
7 to 9 years	8%
10 years or more	37%



Faculty Role (n=86)

Assistant professor	29%
Instructor	29% 22% 14%
Associate professor	14%
Professor	13%
Adjunct/part-time faculty	8%
Lecturer	7%
Other faculty	7%



Enrollment Year (n=630)

Prior to 2015	5%
2015	3%
2016	3%
2017	8%
2018	13%
2019	27%
2020	32%
2021	7%



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Gender (n=787)

Female	66%
Male	27%
Non-binary/Gender non-conforming	2%
Not listed/Prefer to self-describe	1%
Prefer not to respond	4%





White	80%
Hispanic or Latin(o/a/x)	9%
Black or African American	5%
American Indian or Alaska Native	4%
Asian	3%
Middle Eastern or North African	1%
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	<1%
Not listed/Prefer to self-describe	2%
Prefer not to respond	5%

Religious Affiliation (n=282)



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Christian - Protestant	28%
Christian - Catholic	25%
Atheist/Agnostic	16%
Muslim	2%
Christian - Latter-Day Saint/Mormon	1%
Buddhist	1%
Jewish	1%
Hindu	<1%
Sikh	<1%
Not listed (specify, if desired):	9%
None of the above	10%
Prefer not to respond	11%

Disability Status (n=787)

Yes	12%
No	81%
Prefer not to respond	7%

Disability (n=94)

Disability (II-74)	
A mental health disorder	44%
A learning disability (e.g., ADHD, dyslexia)	37%
A sensory impairment (vision or hearing)	16%
A mobility impairment	15%
Autism/autism spectrum	10%
Another disability or impairment not listed	22%
Prefer not to respond	9%

Sexual Orientation (n=787)



Straight or heterosexual	77%
Bisexual or pansexual	6%
Asexual	4%
Gay or lesbian	3%
Queer	2%
Unsure	2%
Not listed/Prefer to self-describe	1%
Prefer not to respond	6%



HIGHER EDUCATION

Parent/Guardian Graduate from College (n=787)



27%
27% 27%
43%
1%
2%

Military Status (n=786)



10%
4%
1%
<1%
<1%
82%
3%



