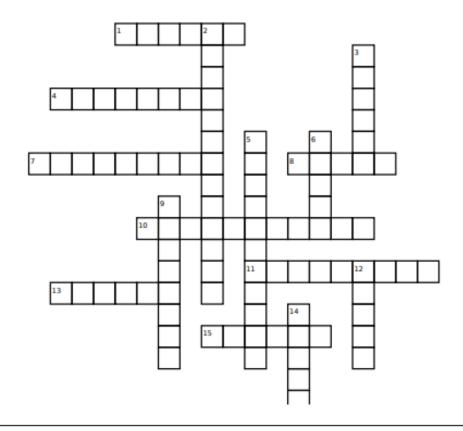
# EARTH SCIENCE WEEK EARTH MATERIALS IN OUR LIVES

CROSSWORD CHALLENGE

## GEOLOGY 1



Word Bank:

FOSSIL MUDSTONE
SCHIST LITHOSPHERE
PETROLEUM GNEISS

LAHAR SLATE

EXTRUSIVE DELTA

MARBLE

INVERTEBRATES METAMORPHIC BEACH

FELDSPAR

### Across:

- Any trace of past life preserved in a rock (includes animal tracks & burrows as well as shells, skeletons, and impressions of soft flesh).
- A relatively soft rock formed largely of fine clay. Compressed, flaky mudstone is often called shale.
- A type of Igneous rock formed by eruptions at the Earth's surface.

#### Down:

- Animals without backbones (worms, shellfish, insects etc
- Metamorphic rock which has a shiny, foliated, medium-grained texture, often containing much mica.
- Outer layer of Earth (uppermost mantle and crust) that behaves as a number of rigid, moving "plates".



#### Across:

- A river mouth where a river splits into many channels as it deposits sediment on meeting a lake or the sea (e.g. Mississippi).
- A rock which has re-crystallized due to heat and/or pressure. Examples: marble, slate, schist. See also metamorphism.
- Crude oil (along with petroleum gas)
   occupying pore spaces in some
   sedimentary rocks. A valuable "fossil fuel".
- A coarse-grained, metamorphic rock often showing a "banded" texture due to separation of pale and dark-colored minerals.
- is a Metamorphic rock formed from limestone - also fizzes with dilute acid.

#### Down:

- sediment (pebbles, sand, mud) deposited by the sea along the shoreline
- A common mineral in igneous and some metamorphic rocks.
- A mudflow formed of water and volcanic ash. A major hazard in parts of Japan, the Philippines etc.
- Metamorphic rock formed by compression and heating of mudstone. Much used for roofing as it splits easily into sheets.

